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Bergman, H. O.

USSR.

Irreversible reciprocal reaction with conjugate
solutions of silver and lithium chlorides and sulfates
S. Leshikh and A. O. Bergman, J. Gen. Chem. U.S.S.R.
33, 849 (1953) (Engl. translation). Ser. C, 4, 40, 1412
H. L. H.

USSR.

An irreversibly-reacting system with immiscibility of the
sulfates and chlorides of lithium and calcium. D. S.
Legneth and A. G. Bergman. *J. Gen. Chem. U.S.S.R.* 25,
657-61 (1950) (Engl. translation). - See C.A. 48, 3130f.

H. L. H.

BERGMAN, A. G.

USSR/Chemistry - Lithium Salts;
Cobalt Salts
Jun 53

"Mutual System Composed of the Sulfates and Chlorides of Lithium and Cobalt," D.S. Lesnykh, A.G. Bergman, Rostov-on-Don State U im V.M. Molotov

Zhur Obshch Khim, Vol 23, No 6, pp 894-901

Investigated the thermochemical relationships in the mutual ternary system composed of the salts $\text{Li}_2\text{Cl}_2 + \text{CoSO}_4 + \text{CoCl}_2 + \text{Li}_2\text{SO}_4$. Found that this system consists of 2 ternary systems: $\text{CoCl}_2\text{-Li}_2\text{SO}_4$ -

273r24

Li_2Cl_2 with a triple eutectic point at 452° and $\text{CoCl}_2 - \text{Li}_2\text{SO}_4 - \text{CoSO}_4$ with a triple eutectic point at 507° .

273r24

BERGMAN, A.G.; SHOLOKHOVICH, M.L.

Reciprocal system of the adiagonal-zonal eutetic type, composed of meta-phosphates and sulfates of lithium and potassium. Zhur. ob. khim. 23 no.7: 1075-1085 Jl '53. (MLRA 6:7)

1. Rostovskiy Gosudarstvennyy univesitet imeni Molotova.
(Systems (Chemistry)) (Phosphates) (Sulfates)

BERGMAN, A.G.; KISLOVA, A.I.; POSYPAYKO, V.I.

Complex formation and metathesis in ternary systems of the sulfates, tungstates,
and metaborates of lithium and potassium. Doklady Akad. Nauk S.S.R. 88,
815-18 '53.
(MLRA 6:2)
(CA 47 no.22:12090 '53)

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✓ The adiagonal reciprocal system of zonal type from sulfates and chlorides of potassium and cobalt. M. S. Golubeva and A. G. Bergman. *Doklady Akad. Nauk S.S.R.* 89, 689-92 (1958). Two diagonal, 1 stable adiagonal, and 33 inner sections are given for the reciprocal system K₂CoCl₄, SO₄. Anhydrotaknite is not formed. K₂SO₄, CoSO₄, K₂SO₄.2CoSO₄, CoCl₂.2KCl, 5CoCl₂.9KCl, and CoCl₂.KCl exist. There is a ternary heterosalts (phase X) whose compn. was not exactly del'd, and a complex is formed in the solid state in the binary system of K₂SO₄ and CoSO₄ (phase Y). Strong complex formation is characteristic of the system. The full diagram indicates existence of 3 eutectics and 5 transformation points. On reaction of these ions the cation complexes are more stable than the interionic types, in distinction to the corresponding Zn and Mg systems.

H. M. Leicester

✓ Conductivity of the diagonal cross-section of fused ternary reciprocal systems. I. N. Relyayev, A. G. Bergman, and L. I. Nomikos (State Univ. Rostov-on-Don) *Vestn. Akad. Nauk SSSR* 9, 193 (1957). Sp. cond. in the stable system $\text{Ag}_2\text{Cl}-\text{Ti}_2\text{SO}_4$ and the unstable system $\text{Ag}_2\text{Cl}-\text{Ag}_2\text{SO}_4$ in the liquid phase in the system $\text{Ti}_2\text{O}-\text{Ag}_2\text{Cl}-\text{Cl}_2\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ and the unstable section $\text{Ti}_2\text{O}-\text{Ag}_2\text{SO}_4$ in the system $\text{Ti}_2\text{O}-\text{Ag}_2\text{Cl}-\text{Br}_2\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ were measured by a previously described method (*C.A.* 47, 2026). Isothermal curves of the cond. for the stable section $\text{Ag}_2\text{Cl}-\text{Ti}_2\text{SO}_4$ drop from the more conducting Ag_2Cl to the less conducting Ti_2SO_4 . These isotherms are similar to the isotherms of the sp. cond. for the common systems with the eutectic point on the liquidus curves. The isotherms for the unstable section have sharp min. corresponding to the formation of Ti_2SO_4 and Ag_2SO_4 . Ti_2SO_4 has a higher cond. which corresponds to the formation of Ti_2SO_4 is less than the min. cond. of Ag_2SO_4 , Ti_2SO_4 . In the fused state of the three-component systems the equilibrium is displaced to the stable pair of salts or to the less dissolved components similar to ideal binary systems. In the mixt. of fused salts in which exchange reaction or complex formation take place the components are incompletely dissociated. M. C.

BERGMAN, A. G.

USSR/Chemistry - Physical chemistry

Card 1/1 : Pub. 147 - 17/21

Authors : Bergman, A. G.; Kislova, A. I.; and Posypayko, V. I.

Title : About complex formation in a mutual tetra-system consisting of Li,
K \parallel Cl, SO₄, WO₄.

Periodical : Zhur. fiz. khim. 8, 1489-1496, Aug 1954

Abstract : In order to confirm the stability of complex Li₂WO₄.K₂WO₄ and LiSO₄.
K₂SO₄ compounds in the composition of a mutual tetra Li, K \parallel Cl, SO₄,
WO₄ system, the authors investigated the "interior" of the composition
prism of this system by means of three book-leaf type and five tri-
angular cross sections. It was established that the liquidus surface
of the system consists of six basic crystallization fields, two of which
occupy areas of 10.0% and 21.8% and the remaining four - the fields of
pure components. The internal structure of the investigated composition-
prism of the tetra system, is described. Five references: 4-USSR and
1-German (1907-1953). Tables; diagrams.

Institution : The Agricultural Institute, Krasnodar

Submitted : February 2, 1954

YEVSEYEVA, N.N.; BERGMAN, A.G.

Formation of heteroionic compounds in the reciprocal system of potassium and zinc chlorides and sulfates. Izv.Sekt.fiz.-khim.anal.
24:162-191 '54. (MIRA 8:4)

1. Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii im. N.S.Kurnakova
Akademii nauk SSSR.
(Potassium salts) (Zinc salts)

HERGMAN, A.G.; KHITROV, V.A.

Irreversible-reciprocal system of potassium and sodium chromates and hydroxides. Izv.Sekt.fizkhim.anal. 24:204-211 '54. (MIRA 8:4)

1. Voronezhskiy gosudarstvennyy pedagogicheskiy institut.
(Potassium) (Sodium)

Formation of complexes of the anions $\text{M}_2\text{O}_7^{4-}$ +
diphosphorus and oxygen salts of phosphorus and
of the type $\text{M}_2\text{O}_7^{4-} \cdot \text{M}^+$ studied in aqueous solution
at temperatures. A. Berndsen, M. L. Dabholkar,
and K. M. 24. JAI. 1971. 100 pp.

Received from Author on 04-05-1972. Accepted 04-05-1972.
With experimental data shown in tables and figures
and giving only some theoretical calculations.
Complexes with Na^+ and K^+ ions formed by reaction
 $\text{Na}_2\text{P}_2\text{O}_7$ and $\text{Na}_2\text{P}_2\text{O}_5$ with
 H_3PO_4 and Na_2HPO_4 with
 H_3PO_4 and Na_2HPO_4 .

H. M. Dabholkar

U S S R

Formation of complexes of the anionic type between pyro-phosphates and oxygen salts of potassium and sodium of the type MO_{4-n}^{n-} ($M =$ sulfur, molybdenum, chromium, or tungsten). A. G. Bergman and M. L. Sholokhovich.
J. Gen. Chem. U.S.S.R. 24, 666-8 (1954) (Engl. translation).
—See C.A. 49, 2931b. H. L. H.

On the design and synthesis of pseudorandom binary sequences and A. G. Efremov (N. S. Kurnakov Institute of General and Inorganic Chemistry)

By V. A. Kabanov (Institute of Crystallography, USSR Academy of Sciences, Moscow)

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APPENDIX D
Order of events in same order as signatures

REF ID: A6514

APPENDIX E

REF ID: A6515

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AKOPOV, Ye.X.; BERGMAN, A.G.

Interrelations of lithium, sodium, and potassium sulfates in melts.
(MIRA 7:12)
Zhur. ob. khim. 24 no. 9:1512-1523 s '54.

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu Gosudarstvennyy universitet i Kubanskiy sel'sko-
khosyayatvennyy institut.
(Sulfates) (Systems (Chemistry))

BERGMAN, A. G.

USSR/Chemistry

Card 1/1 : Pub. 151 - 8/42

Authors : Akopov, E. K., and Bergman, A. G.

Title : Reversibly-adiagonal sodium and potassium chloride and sulfate system

Periodical : Zhur. ob. khim. 24/9, 1524-1532, Sep 1954

Abstract : The chemical and structural properties of the Na, K||Cl, SO₄ system, which is a reversibly-adiagonal mutual system with conditional thermal interchange reaction effect and triangulation emanating from the compositional pole of the 2Na₂SO₄ · K₂SO₄ compound, are described. The existence of one ternary eutectic point and two transition points was established at 514°. The triangulation square of the reciprocal system is divided into three triangle phases. The structural diagram, made up of three basic crystallization fields, is described. Seven references: 6-USSR and 1-German (1905-1954). Tables; diagrams.

Institution : State University, Rostov/Don

Submitted : August 31, 1953

Bergman, N.C.
USSR/Chemistry - Tetra-systems

Card 1/1 Pub. 151 - 5/37

Authors : Bergman, A. G.; Kislova, A. I.; and Posypayko, V. I.

Title : Double decomposition in the absence of the solvent. Part 2.- Tetra-system consisting of lithium and potassium chlorides, sulfates and tungstates

Periodical : Zhur. ob. khim. 24/10, 1722-1730, Oct 1954

Abstract : Five internal triangular sections in a composition-prism were investigated by a visual polythermal method to determine the dimensions of internal crystallization volumes and their disposition, tetrahedral form of the prism, composition and locations of tetra eutectic points of the system. The results obtained are described in detail. The dendritic form of crystallization of a tetra Li, K || Cl, SO₄, WO₄ system was determined. Three USSR references (1936-1954). Tables; graphs; drawings.

Institution : The Agricultural Institute, Kuban

Submitted : February 17, 1954

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U.S.S.R.

crossing the LiCl-Li₂SO₄ line at 10, 20, 40, and 70 mol % LiCl, and through Li₂SO₄ and the LiCl-Li₂WO₄ side at 05, 25, and 55 mol % LiCl. Isotherms were taken every 50°. The system exhibits a eutectic at 444° with 33% Li₂SO₄, 47% LiCl, and 21% Li₂WO₄. The crystal fields of α- and β-LiCl occupy 23.3% and 3.09% of the total area, that of α- and β-Li₂WO₄ 8.81 and 41.51%, and that of α- and β-Li₂SO₄ 4.94 and 18.20%.

I. Benenowitz

USSR

The reciprocal system of chlorides and sulfates of lithium and calcium. M. S. Golubova and A. G. Bergman (State Univ., Rostov-on-Don). *Zhur. Obshch. Khim.* 24, 1940-5

The binary systems of the sides and the diagonals of the common square that represents the reciprocal system LiCl-CaCl₂-Li₂SO₄-CaSO₄ were redetermined; the temp. and the composition (%) of the eutectics of the following binary systems are: LiCl-Li₂SO₄, 480°, 53.5%; Li₂SO₄-LiCl-CaCl₂, 475°, 45%; CaCl₂-Li₂SO₄; CaSO₄, 705°, 16.2%; CaSO₄-CaCl₂, 785°, 12.5%; Li₂SO₄-LiCl-CaSO₄, 533°, 25%; CaCl₂-CaSO₄, 627° and 600°, with 13.5 and 8.5% Li₂SO₄. There are 4 crystal fields, with that of CaSO₄ occupying 75.5% of the total area, and 3 eutectics at 470° and 450°. The fact that it is an irreversible-reciprocal system contradicts the classification on the basis of thermal effect of the reaction, 1.38 kcal./equiv. (cf. Bergman, et al., *J.A.C.S.* 24, 2337). I. Benckowitz

Bergman, A.G.

✓ Reaction of caustic alkalies with nitrates and nitrites of sodium and potassium. A. G. Bergman and N. A. Reshetnikov. Izvest. Selskogo Nauchno-Issled. Inst. Khimicheskogo Neorg. Khim., Akad. Nauk S.S.R. 25, 203-17 (1964).

Study of fusibility confirms formation of compds. $2\text{NaOH} \cdot \text{NaNO}_3$, $\text{NaOH} \cdot \text{NaNO}_2$, $\text{KOH} \cdot \text{KNO}_3$, $\text{NaOH} \cdot \text{NaNO}_3$, and $\text{KNO}_3 \cdot \text{KOH}$ by reaction of alkalies with nitrates and nitrites. These compds. melt congruently at 272, 271.5, 238.5, 203, and 177°, resp. They might be considered as acid salts Na_2HNO_3 , Na_2HNO_2 , K_2HNO_3 , Na_2HNO_2 , and K_2HNO_2 . KOH and NaNO_3 (or NaOH and KNO_3) do not react with each other but form a series of solid solns. Vapors of KOH and NaNO_3 (or KOH and NaNO_3) enter into an exchange reaction. Pure NaOH , m. $321 \pm 1^\circ$, and KOH , m. $404 \pm 1^\circ$, were obtained by action of H_2O on the metals.

Nondiaconal irreversible crystal system of fluorites and
chlorides of lithium and strontium. A. I. Bogolyubova et al.
Institut Khimii RAN, Leningrad, USSR, 1961, p. 103-105
The reaction of LiF and SrCl₂ was studied. The eutectic point
of the system LiF-SrCl₂ was found. The diagram of the state of
the system LiF-SrCl₂ was drawn. Numerous new salts were
discovered in the system. The eutectic point is at 87 mol
% LiF and 13 mol % SrCl₂. They form a congruent melting
eutectic with eutectics at 73.0% and 10.5% respectively.
The reaction of LiF and SrCl₂ in melts in the system of fluorates and
chlorides of Li and Sr was studied. The diagram of this
system is considered in connection with the character of
reaction of the salts at crystallization. System Li, Sr, F, Cl is the
first and simplest example of a completely irreversible
crystallized system of the nondiaconal type. Burina Mayorga.

(1)

✓ Triple mutual system of sodium and potassium nitrates
and nitrites. S. I. Begui and A. G. Herman, *Soviet
Akad. Nauk S.S.R. Trud. Obshchestva Neorg. Khim.*
25, 213-32 (1954).—The miscibility diagram of the mutual system K, NaNO₃, NO₂ is studied. The field corresponding to compd. NaNO₃, NaNO₂ extends deep inside the diagram. The field for compd. NaNO₃, KNO₃ is more developed than in the system of nitrates alone, nitrites probably increase the stability and the temp. of formation. Another inner field probably represents a triple compound whose compn. is expressed approx. by KNO₃, KNO₂. An approx. scheme of triangulation of the system is given.
Eurilla Mayerle

Complex formation in a mutual system of barium and potassium chlorides and of lithium and potassium chlorides. E. S. ALEXANDROV AND A. G. BORODINA. Izvest. Akad. Nauk SSSR 1958, No. 1, p. 25-32.

The mutual systems of barium and potassium chlorides and of lithium and potassium chlorides have been studied by means of a polarimeter. The mutual system of a soluble salt, Li₂SO₄, and a double system with a primary cubic crystal of KCl were examined. The time of the primary point of the stable diagonal section Li₂SO₄-KCl. The primary point, defining the stability limits of the components, is formed. Heteromorphous conversion of Li₂SO₄ to K₂SO₄ and of KCl occurs at 646° and 585°, respectively. Crests of fields of crystals of stable components KCl and Li₂SO₄ are observed. They are intersected by the curve of the solubility of KCl in K₂SO₄. The curves of the solubility of KCl and Li₂SO₄ are intersected by the curve of the solubility of K₂SO₄ in KCl. The regions of the mutual solubility of KCl and Li₂SO₄ are determined. The diagram of the mutual solubility of KCl and Li₂SO₄ is given.

East Asia & Oceania: China and Mongolia
Acad Sci USSR

17 Stable section Li₂SO₄-Na₂Cl-K₂Cl₆ et quadruple mixture
system of chlorides and sulfates of lithium, sodium, and
potassium. In the diagram the A point corresponds to
the composition Li₂SO₄ 100%. The B point corresponds to
the composition Na₂Cl 100%. The C point corresponds to
the composition K₂Cl₆ 100%. Below this stable section of a prism, which
graphically represents the system Li₂SO₄-Na₂Cl-K₂Cl₆, are
marked the four vertices Li₂SO₄, Na₂Cl, K₂Cl₆ and the center point M₁.
17

BERGMAN, A. G.

✓ Complex formation in a quaternary reciprocal system of chlorides, sulfates, and tungstates of lithium and potassium.

A. G. Bergman, A. I. Kudlova, and V. I. Posivalko (April 1984).

Zhur. Fiz. Khim. 58, 1484 (1984).

In the system $\text{Li}^{+}, \text{K}^{+}, \text{Cl}^{-}, \text{SO}_4^{2-}, \text{WO}_4^{2-}$ — The fusion curves for the system $\text{Li}^{+}, \text{K}^{+}, \text{Cl}^{-}, \text{SO}_4^{2-}$ show that 2 complex compounds, $\text{Li}_2\text{WO}_4 \cdot \text{K}_2\text{WO}_4$ and $\text{Li}_2\text{SO}_4 \cdot \text{K}_2\text{SO}_4$, are formed. The crystal structures are analyzed in detail.

[Circular stamp]

[Signature]

Bergman, A. 4.

Relation of the sulfate of lithium, sodium, potassium and
thallium to their salts of barium, calcium, strontium, and
barium
Lithium
Sodium
Potassium
Thallium
Barium
Calcium
Strontium
Barium

The quaternary reciprocal system of chlorides and perchlorates

of lithium, sodium, potassium

and barium

was investigated.

Some new data

on the melting curves

of the systems

Li₂SO₄-Na₂SO₄

Li₂SO₄-K₂SO₄

Li₂SO₄-BaSO₄

are presented.

The melting curves

of the two-component systems

Li₂SO₄, Na₂SO₄,

and Li₂SO₄-K₂SO₄

were defined more accurately.

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systems. The method proved feasible in studies of
radioactive fallout and atmospheric nuclear tests.

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BERGMAN, A. G.

USSR/Physical Chemistry. Thermodynamics, Thermochemistry, B-S
Equilibria, Physical-Chemical Analysis, Phase Transitions.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 5, 1957, 14695

Author : D. S. Lesnykh, A. G. Bergman

Inst : Rostov on The Don University

Title : On The Problem Concerning Stratification in Fused Chlorides and Sulfates of Monovalent and Bivalent Metals

Orig Pub: Uch. zap. Rost. n/D un-ta, 1954, t. 20. Trudy khim. fak.,
vyp. 6, 19-31

Abstract: The liquidus graphs of the irreversible reciprocal system Li, Pb // Cl, SO₄ and of the diagonal sections of the systems Li, Cd // Cl, SO₄; Li, Ag // Cl, SO₄, Li, Ca, Cl // Cl, SO₄ and Li, Sr // Cl, SO₄ were studied by the visual-polythermal method. Basing on the obtained data, as well as on data found in the bibliography, the conclusion was arrived at that the stratification in the melted state takes place mainly in systems containing cations with an 8-electron or 2-electron exterior layer,

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Singular irreversibly reciprocal system, with stratification, of chlorides and sulfates of lithium and thallium. A. G. Bergman and M. I. Shchukovich (State Univ., Rostov-on-Don, U.S.S.R.), *Zhur. Obshch. Khim.*, 25, 4515 (1955); *J. Gen. Chem. U.S.S.R.*, 25, 423-7 (1955) (Engl. translation).—The crystal surface of the system consists of 5 fields, LiCl, TiCl₃, Li₂SO₄, Ti₂SO₄, and Li₂SO₄Ti₂SO₄, and contains 3 nonvariant points; eutectic E₁, m.p. 328°, 45% TiCl₃, 39% Li₂Ch, 1% Li₂SO₄, with LiCl, TiCl₃, and Li₂SO₄ as equil. phases; eutectic E₂, m.p. 330°, 66% TiCl₃, 3% Li₂SO₄, 31% Ti₂SO₄, with TiCl₃, Ti₂SO₄, Li₂SO₄, as equil. phases; transition point P, m.p. 329°, 68% TiCl₃, 2% Li₂SO₄, 30% Ti₂SO₄, with TiCl₃, Li₂SO₄, Li₂SO₄Ti₂SO₄ as equil. phases. The diagonal section Li₂SO₄-Ti₂SO₄ is the stable section of the system. The double salt normally melting without decompr., melts with decompr. in the system. The stratification lens is located along the stable diagonal and occupies 51.7% of the area between 4 and 92.59% Li₂SO₄ on the diagonal and covers 2 crystn. fields, Li₂SO₄ and Li₂SO₄-Ti₂SO₄. The lens is asym. The ridge in crystn. area Li₂SO₄-Ti₂SO₄ becomes polysingular on lowering of temp.

V. N. Bednarzki

Bergman, H. G.

✓ Irreversible reciprocal system of chlorides and sulfides of lithium and strontium. M. S. Golubev, and A. G. Bergman (State Univ., Rostov-on-Don). *Zhur. Obshchey Khim.* 29, 458-63 (1955); *J. Gen. Chem. U.S.S.R.* 23, 427-32 (1955) (Engl. translation).—The system is irreversibly reciprocal without complex formation. According to the magnitude of the thermal effect (0.47 kcal./m. equiv.) the system should be reversible, but exptl. data are to the contrary. There is also a discrepancy between the direction of exchange reaction shift and thermal effect. The exptl. shift is in the direction of $\text{SrSO}_4\text{-LiCl}$. There is great similarity to the $\text{Li}-\text{Ca}[\text{Cl}, \text{SO}_4]$ system because of similar ionic radii, charges, and structure of electron layers.
V. N. Bednarek

Berman *B.G.*

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FERGMAN, H.C.

Ternary mutual system of sulfates and tungstates of lithium and potassium. A. G. Bergman and A. I. Kislova (State Univ. Rostov-on-Don). ZAID' Dushet' Khim. 25, 800-6 (1955); cf. C.A. 49, 10334s. Melting (trystn.) points of 2-, 3-, and 4-component mixts. of the four salts in varying proportions are represented by a photograph of a 3-dimensional diagram of compn., and a square contoured projection of this diagram; diagonal and other sections of the diagram are also given, with tables of section data. The two sections representing varying proportions of $\text{Li}_2\text{WO}_4 \cdot \text{K}_2\text{WO}_4$ to $\text{Li}_2\text{SO}_4 \cdot \text{K}_2\text{SO}_4$ and Li_2WO_4 to $\text{Li}_2\text{SO}_4 \cdot \text{K}_2\text{SO}_4$ are stable; all other sections are metastable. Reactions in the system tend toward the formation of $\text{Li}_2\text{SO}_4 \cdot \text{K}_2\text{SO}_4$ and $\text{Li}_2\text{WO}_4 \cdot \text{K}_2\text{WO}_4$. The system has 4 nonvariant points of compn., whose temp., mole % Li_2WO_4 , % K_2SO_4 , % K_2WO_4 , and % Li_2SO_4 are, resp.: 480°, 20, 20, —, 60; 484°, 30, —, 37.5, 32.6; 486°, 47, 37.5, 15.8, —; 524°, 42, 37.5, 20.5, 2. The first three are eutectics, and the fourth is a transition point. *Malcolm M. Anderson*

BERGMAN, A.C.

The reciprocal system of iodides and nitrates of silver and sodium. At A. Zalizarchenko and A. G. Bergman. Publ. Tech. Inst. Novocherkassk. Zaporozh. Akad. Nauk. No. 75/1953. - Melting points of pure and binary component mixtures of the 4 salts with a proportion of 1:1 (from 0 to 100%) are represented by a square plan. The diagram, with contours of temperature, in various systems, shows this, and by tables of section, melting points. In the section $\text{NaNO}_3\text{-AgI}$, a system in which the salts are completely insol in the liquid state, is stable. $\text{AgNO}_3\text{-NaI}$ is not. The diagram has 6 fields of crystall., mainly defined by 2 parallel straight lines, on either side of the "bridge" of melt at 554° along the diagonal $\text{NaNO}_3\text{-AgI}$, and by two straight lines radiating from the NaNO_3 corner to the side $\text{AgNO}_3\text{-AgI}$. All these lines enclose 64.3% of the area; the complete $\text{AgNO}_3\text{-AgI}$ and $2\text{AgNO}_3\text{-AgI}$ each represent one quarter. The stratified appearance results from the high heat of reac^{on} (28.39 kcal) and is more pronounced than in previously studied systems with Cl or Br in place of I. The whole system has 4 eutectics, whose proportions, when AgNO_3 , NaNO_3 , AgI and NaI are resp. 11.7, 78.3, 10.2, 102°, 55.1.5, 43.5, —, 98°, 40.25, 0.75, 56°, 240°, —, 85.5, 0.5, 14.0. — Malcolm M. —

The phenomenon of secondary periodicity in the alkali earth group of elements. A. G. Bergman and N. A. Bachmann, State Univ. of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa. *Ind Eng Chem*, 25, 1041-31 (1933).—This group is divided into two subgroups, (1) Ca and Ba, and (2) Mg and Sr, on the basis of their salt formation. With SiO_4 , Mg and Sr form only two types of silicates: $\text{MO} \cdot \text{SiO}_4$ and $2\text{MO} \cdot \text{SiO}_4$ (M = metal). Ca and Ba each form these types plus 2 more. It is thought that the ionization potentials of the elements, as determined by periodicity, do not apply to silicates because of the complex bonds formed. With KCl , Ba and Ca each form one double salt, $\text{MCl}_2 \cdot \text{KCl}$, while Mg and Sr each form two double salts, $\text{MCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{KCl}$ and $2\text{MCl}_2 \cdot \text{KCl}$. $\text{SrCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{KCl}$ is the result of this reaction or cleat.

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/ Solubility of nitrates and chlorides of barium and calcium
in the reciprocal system at 80, 100, and 120°. L. N.

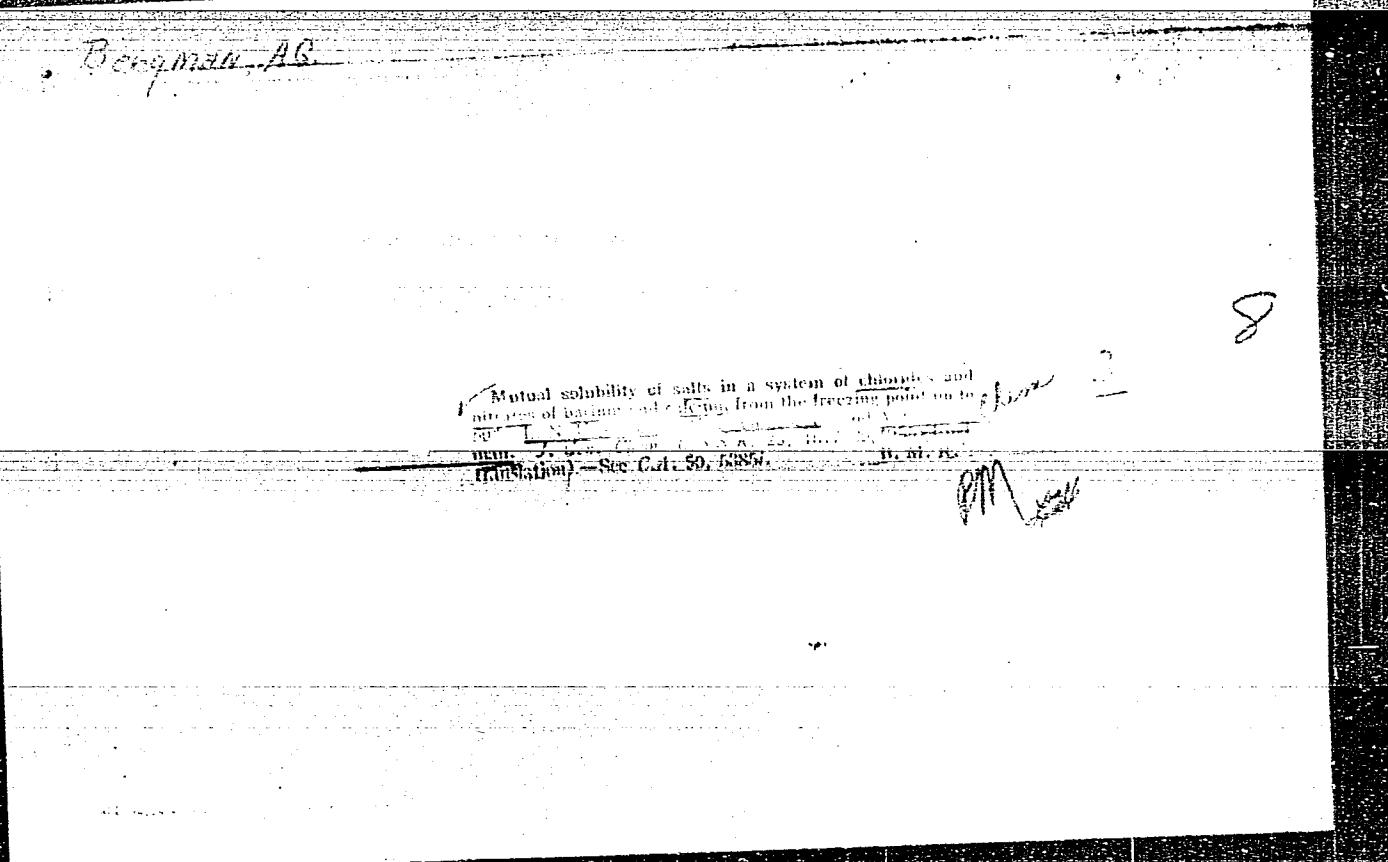
Uspekhanova and A. G. Hermann [State Univ., Baku, Azerbaijan]

Dokl. Zhur. Otschets. Akad. 25, 1277-81 (1955) — Isothermally curves were obtained by the visual polythermal method of Akhmanov and Vasil'ev (U.S.S.R. 27, 694) for the following systems: (I) $\text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot \text{BaCl}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$; (II) $\text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot \text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$; (III) $\text{CaCl}_2 \cdot \text{BaCl}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$. The composition (in mol. %) of eutectic salts for I at 80° was 26.0 $\text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2$, 74.0 BaCl_2 , 1680.0 H_2O (moles/100 moles of dry salts) with $\text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ and $\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ in the solid phase, at 100° $\text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ 28.5, BaCl_2 71.5, H_2O 1320.0; at 120°, 30.0, 70.0, and 1180.0, resp. The solid phase at 100° and 120° isotherms consisted of $\text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ and BaCl_2 . The eutectic of II contained at all 3 temps. $\text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2 < 0.19$, $\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2 > 99.8$, and $\text{H}_2\text{O} < 12.3 < 140.0 < 157.0$ at 80, 100, and 120°, resp. The solid phase of these isotherms was composed of $\text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ and $\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2$. The eutectic of system III had $\text{CaCl}_2 > 99.89$ and $\text{BaCl}_2 < 0.10$ throughout the studied isotherms. At 80° it contained 587.50 H_2O and had $\text{CaCl}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{BaCl}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ in the solid phase. At 100° there was 550.53 and at 120° 512.53 of H_2O with $\text{CaCl}_2 + \text{BaCl}_2$ in the solid phase. A practical aspect of these new data is the fact that $\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ and CaCl_2 are excellent soluting-out agents for $\text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2$; e.g., an eutectic salt of BaCl_2 , $\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2$, and CaCl_2 at 80–120° contained from 1.66 to 1.75 of $\text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ and 15.84–16.74 $\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2$. Tables, graphs, and phase diagrams. A. P. Korobey.

Complex formation and double decomposition in a reciprocal system of fluorides and sulfates of lead and sodium
V. A. Gladushchenko and A. G. Tret'yakov. Zhurn. Neorg. Khim.
USSR 28, 1611-1614 (1963) English translation - See CIA
50-53862 B.M.R.

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GLADUSHCHEKO, V.A.; BERGMAN, A.G.

Complexing and exchange decomposition in the reciprocal system of
lead and sodium fluorides and sulfates. Zhur.eb.khim. 25 no.9:
1651-1658 S '55. (MLRA 9:2)

1. Novecherkasskiy politekhnicheskiy institut.
(Lead salts) (Sodium salts) (Compounds, Complex)

USPENSKAYA, L.N.; GIUSHKOVA, N.P.; BERGMAN, A.G.

Reciprocal solubility of salts in the system of barium and calcium
chlorides and nitrates at temperatures from complete freezing to
+ 60°. Zhur. ob. khim. 25 no. 9:1658-1673 S '55. (MIRA 9:2)

1. Restevskiy-na-Denni gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Barium salts) (Calcium salts)

The ternary reciprocal system of lithium and calcium
fluorides and silicates. A. G. Bergman and N. A. Bush-
kova. J. Gen. Chem. U.S.S.R. 23, 1421 (1953) (partial
translation).—See C.A. 50, 6168.

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Bergman, P.G.

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← Exchange decomposition in the absence of a solvent
Phase diagram of the system Li-K-Na
Bergman, P.G.
S. 1970

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Bergman, H.G.

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Solubility isotherms of the system $\text{Na}^+ \text{-} \text{K}^+ \text{-} \text{Cl}^- \text{-} \text{NO}_3^- \text{-} \text{H}_2\text{O}$. L. N. Uspenskaya, and A. G. Bergman (State Univ. Rostov-na-Donu). *Zhur. Obrabotki Krem.* 25, 2028-33 (1955).
Solv. details on 3-component systems KNO_3 - KCl - H_2O ,
 NaCl - KNO_3 - H_2O , and NaCl - KNO_3 - H_2O) show lack of
chem. interactions and allow the construction of solv. iso-
therms (90° , 100° , and 125°) for the 4-component system
 $\text{Na}^+ \text{-} \text{K}^+ \text{-} \text{Cl}^- \text{-} \text{H}_2\text{O} \text{-} \text{NO}_3^-$. Exptl. details are not given.
Ivan Pascal

PM

BERGMAN, A.G.

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✓ Exchange decomposition in the absence of a solvent.
 Phase diagram of the system $\text{Li}^+ \text{-} \text{K}^+ \text{-} \text{WO}_4 \text{-} \text{BO}_3$. A.G. Bergman, A. I. Kribova, and V. I. Pisarevskii (Soviet Chem. Kinetichesk. Dopol. Zhur. Ochishchi. Khim. 25, 2044-53 (1955)).
 Analysis of the cooling curves of the binary systems $\text{K}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$ - $\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$ (3 branches, corresponding to α - and β - $\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$, and $\text{K}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$) intersect at 794° and 11% $\text{K}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$ and at 582° and 56% $\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$; Li_2WO_4 - $\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$ (4 branches; α - and β - $\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$ compd. $3\text{Li}_2\text{WO}_4 \cdot 2\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$, m.p. 742° and α - Li_2WO_4 ; transition point 710° and 19% $\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$, eutectic at 656° and 8% $\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$; transition of α - to β - $\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$ at 814° and 87.5% $\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$); Li_2WO_4 - K_2WO_4 (compd. $\text{Li}_2\text{WO}_4 \cdot \text{K}_2\text{WO}_4$, m.p. 628°; eutectics 550° and 33.5% K_2WO_4 , and 572° and 63.5% K_2WO_4); and K_2WO_4 - $\text{K}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$ (2 branches; K_2WO_4 and $\text{K}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$, eutectic at 203° and 40% $\text{K}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$) allowed the construction of the phase diagram for the 4-component system $\text{Li}^+ \text{-} \text{K}^+ \text{-} \text{WO}_4 \text{-} \text{BO}_3^-$. In this system 6 solid phases are in equil. with the melt: $\text{K}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$, K_2WO_4 , Li_2WO_4 , K_2WO_4 , Li_2WO_4 (α and β), $3\text{Li}_2\text{WO}_4 \cdot 2\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$, $\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$ (α and β). The 4-component system is characterized by the following invariant points (temp., % compn., and phases in equil. given in parentheses): Ternary eutectics E_1 (554°, 40% K_2WO_4 , 5% $\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$, 55% Li_2WO_4), β - Li_2WO_4 , β - $\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$, Li_2WO_4 - K_2WO_4 , E_2 (561°, 80% K_2WO_4 , 5% $\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$, 30% Li_2WO_4), Li_2WO_4 , K_2WO_4 , β - $\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$, E_3 (573°, 1% K_2WO_4 , 64% $\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$, 42% K_2WO_4 , β - Li_2WO_4 , K_2WO_4 , β - Li_2WO_4 , $\text{K}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$). Transition point T (634°, K_2WO_4 , β - Li_2WO_4 , $\text{K}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$, $3\text{Li}_2\text{WO}_4 \cdot 2\text{Li}_2(\text{BO}_3)_2$). No expl. details.

Ivan Pascal

RM

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Complex-formation and double decomposition in the reciprocal system of chlorides and sulfates of sodium and cadmium. A. G. Bergman and R. I. Jakunskaya (Eng. Construction Inst., Moscow, Sov. Sov.). *Zhur. Osnovy Khim.* 23, 2405-14 (1955). — The following invariant compositions (mole %), together with their resp. temps. were found in the system Na, CdCl₂, SO₄: α 44.5 NaCl, 15.5 CdCl₂, 40 CdSO₄; equil. phases NaCl, 3-Na₂SO₄, 2NaCl-CdCl₂, 41.4°; β 37.5 NaCl, 18.5 CdSO₄, 41 CdCl₂; equil. phases CdCl₂, 2NaCl-CdCl₂, 4-Na₂SO₄, 56.5°; γ 36.5 Na₂Cl, 19 CdSO₄, 44.5 CdCl₂; equil. phases CdCl₂, 3-Na₂SO₄, Na₂SO₄-CdSO₄, 38.2°; δ 17 Na₂Cl, 41.5 CdSO₄, 41.5 CdCl₂; equil. phases CdCl₂, CdSO₄, Na₂SO₄-CdSO₄, 47.5°; ρ 5.5 Na₂Cl, 49 CdSO₄, 45.5 Na₂SO₄; equil. phases β -Na₂SO₄, 3Na₂SO₄, CdSO₄, Na₂SO₄-CdSO₄, 64°C; τ 20.5 Na₂Cl, 47 CdSO₄, 32.5 Na₂SO₄; equil. like γ CdSO₄, Na₂SO₄-CdSO₄, 49.5°; θ 9.5 Na₂Cl, 45.5 CdSO₄, Na₂SO₄; equil. phases β -Na₂SO₄, Na₂SO₄-CdSO₄, Na₂SO₄-3CdSO₄, 61.0°. Phase transformations in the Na₂SO₄-CdSO₄ field were observed as follows: $\alpha \rightarrow \beta$ 75°, $\beta \rightarrow \gamma$ 64°, $\gamma \rightarrow \delta$ 55°. The system is similar to that of Na, PbCl₂, SO₄ and differs from Na, ZnCl₂, SO₄ in that the latter forms a triple salt.

C. H. Buchanan

R.W.S.

BERGMAN, A.G.; RASSONSKAYA, I.S.; SCHMIDT, N.Ye.

Specific weights and viscosity of the ternary system of sodium, potassium, and calcium nitrates. Izv. Sekt. fiz.-khim. anal. 26:156-163 '55. (MIEA 8:9)

1. Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii im. N.S. Kurnakova AN SSSR.
(Nitrates) (Systems (Chemistry))

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A visual-polythermic method for the investigation of silicate systems. A. G. Bergman, A. K. Nesterova and N. A. Bychkova (V. M. Molotov State Univ., Rostov-on-Don). Doklady Akad. Nauk SSSR 101, 483-6 (1955).
For the investigation of rapidly crystallizing silicate systems, e.g. with fluorides and other highly mineralizing agents which are not easily determined to glasses, the direct microscopic observation of the crystal temps is recommended. The formation of primary crystals and their disappearance with cooling and heating of the fused mixes has been observed previously for tetravalent and metataphosphate phase equil. diagrams are given for the systems Li₂SiO₃-Na₂SiO₃, Na₂SiO₃-BaSiO₃, Li₂SiO₃-CaSiO₃, Li₂SiO₃-K₂SiO₃, Li₂SiO₃-LiF, Na₂SiO₃-NaF, Na₂SiO₃-K₂SiO₃, BaSiO₃-BaF₂, and the respective ternary BaSiO₃-NaF, BaSiO₃-Na₂PO₄, BaSiO₃-Na₂SO₄, BaSiO₃-Na₂WO₄, BaSiO₃-NaMnO₄, BaSiO₃-Na₂V₂O₅. The polymorphism of Li₂SiO₃ and the formation of the incongruent compds. Li₂SiO₃.2Na₂SiO₃ and 2Li₂SiO₃.Na₂SiO₃ were directly observed. Many special eutectic data are given which correct previous observations obtained by the quenching or thermal-analysis methods. The congruent compd. Li₂SiO₃.3K₂SiO₃ (m. 85°) and the incongruent compd. 3Li₂SiO₃.2K₂SiO₃ are new, as are Li₂SiO₃.2LiF (incongruent m.p. 952°), BaSiO₃.2BaF₂ (incongruent point 1000°). A comparison is given of these BaSiO₃ systems with analogous systems with BaTiO₃ which are important for the primary crystn. of titanate from salt melt solns. (cf. Sholokhovich and Belynev, C.R. 49, 8024).

~~SECRET~~
USSR/Chemistry - Physical chemistry

Card 1/1 Pub. 22 - 20/49

Authors : Akopov, Ye. K., and Bergman, A. G.

Title : Complex formation between lithium, sodium and potassium sulfates and chlorides in fusions

Periodical : Dok. AN SSSR 102/1, 81-83, May 1, 1955

Abstract : Visual-polythermal investigation was conducted of sulfates and chlorides of Li, Na and K to determine the complex formation between these compounds. The data pertaining to the Li, NaCl, So⁴ system show new essential changes in the isomorphism of Li and Na salts. It was found that isomorphism does not exist between these substances and the ion radii are also different. The properties of the complex incongruent compounds formed between these substances during fusion are described. Seven references: 4 USSR and 3 German (1907-1949). Diagrams.

Institution : The Kuban Agr. Inst. and the Rostov State Univ. im. V. M. Molotov

Presented by : Academician S. I. Vol'fkovich, January 1, 1955

USSR/Chemistry - Alkali metals

Card 1/1 Pub. 22 - 24/45

Authors : Sholokhovich, M. L.; Lesnykh, D. S.; Bukhalova, G. A.; and Bergman, A. G.

Title : Stratification in fusions of mutual systems with participation of salts of first and second groups

Periodical : Dok. AN SSSR 103/2, 261-263, Jul 11, 1955

Abstract : Experiments conducted with Na, Cs, Li and other metal systems showed that one of the conditions leading to stratification during the fusion of these elements is the greater difference in the polarizability of the cations and anions of the components. The most vivid difference in the polarizability was established among ions with 8 or 2 external electron layers and ions with external electron structure consisting of 18 or 18 plus 2 electrons. The effect of fluorides on the prevention of stratification in liquid metals is explained. Nine USSR references (1929-1946). Graphs.

Institution : Rostov/Don State University im. V. M. Molotov

Presented by : Academician I. I. Chernyyayev, May 13, 1955

Bergman, A. G.

USSR/Physical Chemistry. Thermodynamics, Thermochemistry, B-8
Equilibria, Physical-Chemical Analysis, Phase Transitions.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimika, No 5, 1957, 14697

Author : Ye. K. Akopov, A. G. Bergman

Inst : -

Title : Quaternary Reciprocal System of Lithium, Sodium and
Potassium Chlorides and Sulfides. Report 1

Orig Pub: Zh. obshch. khimii, 1955, 25, vyp. 1, 3-12

Abstract: Liquidus graphs of two systems: $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4\text{-Li}_2\text{SO}_4\text{-K}_2\text{Cl}_2$ (I) and $\text{Li}_2\text{SO}_4\text{-K}_2\text{SO}_4\text{-Na}_2\text{Cl}_2$ (II) were studied by the visual-polythermal method. These systems are interior unstable sections of the quaternary reciprocal system Li, Na, K // Cl, SO_4 . The binary compound $2\text{Li}_2\text{SO}_4\text{-K}_2\text{SO}_4$ melting and dissociating at 550° was disclosed. The composition of the quaternary transition point of the system Li, Na, K // Cl, SO_4 (section II) corresponds to 24 percent of Na_2Cl_2 , 51 percent of Li_2SO_4 , 25 percent of K_2SO_4 , the temperature is 436° .

Card 1/1

BERGMAN, A. G.

USSR/Physical Chemistry. Thermodynamics, Thermochemistry, B-8
Equilibria, Physical-Chemical Analysis, Phase Transitions.

Abs Jour: A. G. Bergman, Ye. L. Bakumskaya

Inst : -

Title : Formation of Complexes and Double Decomposition in Mutual System of Chlorides and Sulfates of Sodium and Cadmium.

Orig Pub: Zh. obshch. khimii, 1955, 25, No 13, 2405-2414

Abstract: The system Cd, Na // Cl, SO₄ studied by the visual-poly-thermal method refers to the class of reversible reciprocal adiagonal systems. The reciprocal system has 8 basic crystallization fields: Na₂Cl₂, CdCl₂, CdSO₄, Na₂SO₄, 2NaCl.CdCl₂, Na₂SO₄.CdSO₄, Na₂SO₄.3CdSO₄ and 3Na₂SO₄.CdSO₄. The composition and temperature of non-variant points are given. The reactions taking place in the system are expressed by following equations: 2Na₂Cl₂ + CdSO₄ = Na₂Cl₂.CdCl₂ + Na₂SO₄; Na₂Cl₂ + 2CdSO₄ = CdCl₂ + Na₂SO₄.CdSO₄; Na₂Cl₂ + CdSO₄ = Na₂SO₄ + CdCl₂. Contrarily to earlier data (Calcagni, Marotta, Gazz, 1914, 44, No 1, 487), an additional transformation was estab-

Card 1/2

USSR/Physical Chemistry. Thermodynamics, Thermochemistry, B-8
Equilibria, Physical-Chemical Analysis, Phase Transitions.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 5, 1957, 14694

Abstract: lished at 736° and 43.5 percent of CdSO₄ in the system
Na₂SO₄-CdSO₄ corresponding to the formation of 3Na₂SO₄.
-CdSO₄.

Card 2/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/08/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000204910019-5

BERGMAN, A.G. LESNYKH,D.S. and SEMENTSOVA, A.K.

"Complex Formation and Double Decomposition in the Mutual System
Composed of Chlorides and Sulfates of Thallium and Cadmium" Zhur. Neorgan. Khim.
1, No 1, 1956 p. 163 -169

Rostov-on Don State University im. V.M. Molotov

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/08/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000204910019-5"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/08/2000

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/08/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000204910019-5"

USSR/Physical Chemistry - Thermodynamics. Thermochemistry. Equilibrium. Physico-chemical Analysis. Phase Transitions, B-8

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 1, 1957, 371

Abstract: and 75 mole percent III. In the system I-PbF₂(IV) a eutectic point has been found at 460° and 57.5 mole percent IV, and in the system III-IV, at 250° and 23.5 mole percent III. A eutectic with constant diagonal cross-section II-IV corresponding to a temperature of 480° and 22.5 mole percent II has been established. The surface of the liquid phase of the system K, Pb // F, SO₄ consists of 7 crystallization areas, for one of which the composition of the corresponding compound has not yet been established. Six invariant points have been established: E₁ at 440° (55 percent IV, 2.5 percent III, and 42.5 percent I); E₂ at 440° (63 percent IV, 12 percent III, and 25 percent II); E₃ at 420° (62 percent IV, 26 percent III, and 12 percent II); P₁ at 470° (53.5 percent IV, 7 percent III, and 39.5 percent I); P₂ at 642° (25 percent IV, 35 percent III, and 40 percent II); and P₃ at 594° (40 percent IV, 40 percent III, and 20 percent II). The authors note that substitution of the Cl⁻ for the F⁻ ion leads to an increase in the number of compounds formed by the system.

Card 2/2

BERGMAN, A. G.

Category: USSR / Physical Chemistry
Thermodynamics. Thermochemistry. Equilibrium. Physico-
chemical analysis. Phase transitions.

B-8

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur-Khimiya, No 9, 1957, 29944

Author : Bychkova N. A., Bergman A. G.

Inst : not given

Title : Mutual System of Silicates and Fluorides of Lithium and Barium.

Orig Pub: Zh. obshch. khimii, 1956, 26, No 3, 639-651

Abstract: A study of the system Li, Ba // F, SiO₂. Surface of crystallization consists of 11 fields, 3 eutectic, 5 non-variant transition points and one passage point. Most probable composition of the compounds are assumed to be 2LiF·Li₂SiO₃·5BaF₂ and 2BaF₂·Li₂SiO₃·BaSiO₃. Conditional thermal effect of exchange reaction, equal to 3.75 kcal-equivalent toward the BaF₂-Li₂SiO₃ pair, does not determine the direction of the reaction because of the extensive complex-formation within the system. The visual-polythermal method is recommended for the study of silicate and silicate-salt systems.

Card : 1/1

-60-

BERGMAN, A.G.

Category: USSR / Physical Chemistry
Thermodynamics. Thermochemistry. Equilibrium. Physico-
chemical analysis. Phase transitions.

B-8

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur-Khimii, No 9, 1957, 29942

Author : Bakunskaya Ye. L., Bergman A. G.

Inst : not given

Title : Ternary System of the sulfates of Sodium, Potassium and Cadmium

Orig Pub: Zh. neorgan. khimii, 1956, 1, No 5, 1035-1041

Abstract: The ternary system of Na_2SO_4 (I) - K_2SO_4 (II) - CdSO_4 (III) has been studied by the visual-polythermal method. The formation was ascertained of two compounds, of composition 3:1 and 1:3 of the binary system I - III, which melt with decomposition, respectively, at 736° and 43.5% III, and 746° and 29.5% I. In the ternary system I-II-III a study has been made of 18 internal sections. Surface of liquidus represents 7 fields: solid solutions of I-II, pure III, and five compounds, the fields of which occupy up to 30.62% of the area. In the system is found a single, triple eutectic point at

Card : 1/2

-56-

Category: USSR / Physical Chemistry

Thermodynamics. Thermochemistry. Equilibrium. Physico-chemical analysis. Phase transitions.

B-8

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur-Khimii, No 9, 1957, 29942

578° and 39% I, 18% II and 43% III, and five singular points. The assumption is made of the existence of an internal field of crystallization of a compound of supposed composition $2\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4 \cdot \text{K}_2\text{SO}_4$, which is formed on decomposition of solid solutions of the sulfates of sodium and potassium, at 712°. The formation of this compound had already been reported before (RZhKhim, 1955, 25777). Ternary internal compound is absent. Triple eutectic point is lower by 306° than the melting point of the lowest-melting component -- I, which indicates the stability of complexes the fields of which converge at the triplepoint.

Card : 2/2

-57-

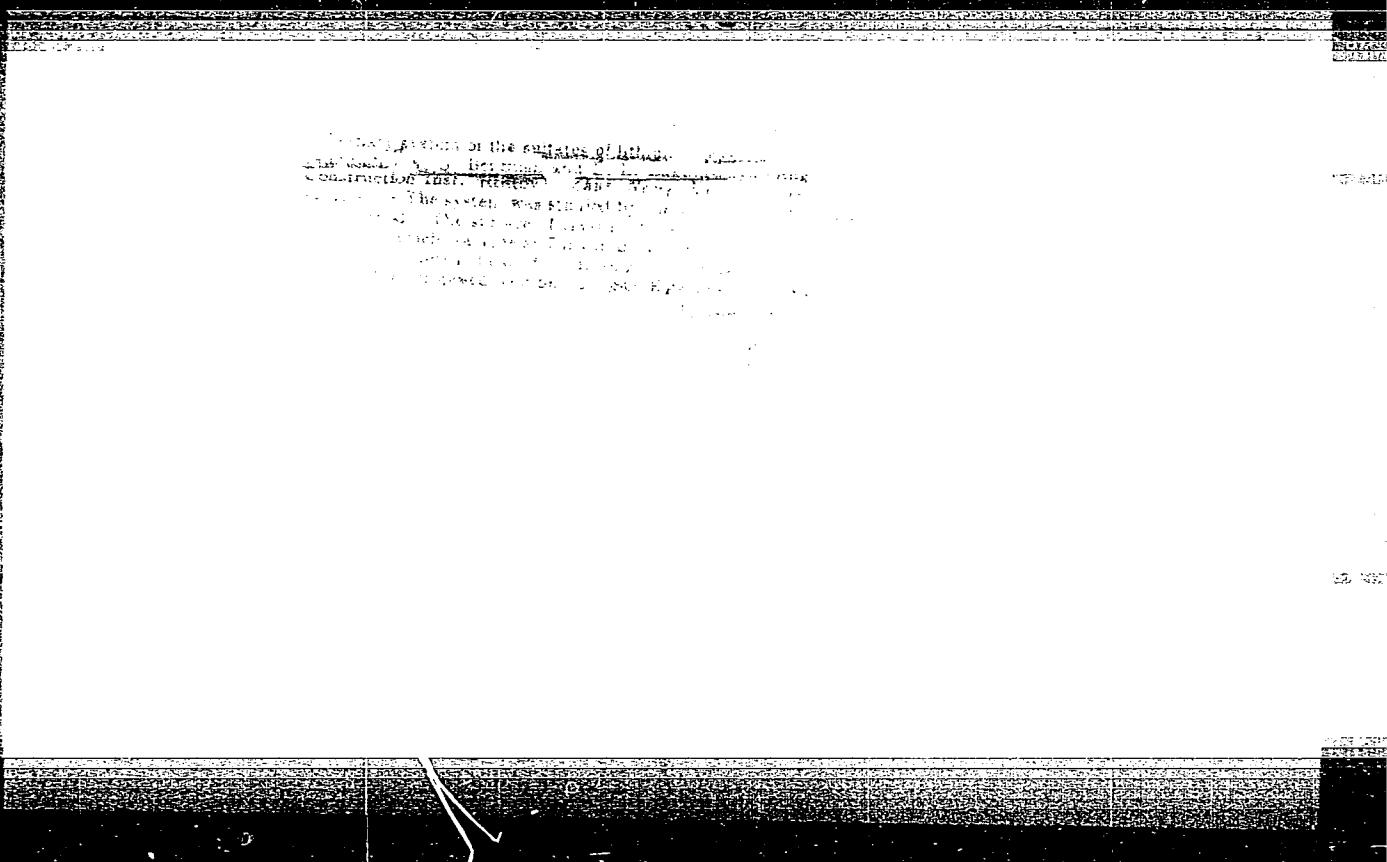
BAKUMSKAYA, Ye.L.; BERGMAN, A.G.

Ternary system of lithium, sodium, and cadmium sulfates.
Zhur.neorg.khim. 1 no.7:1629-1637 Jl '56. (MLRA 9:11)

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu inzhenerno-stroitel'nyy institut.
(Sulfates)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/08/2000

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/08/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000204910019-5"

USSR/Physical Chemistry - Thermodynamics. Thermochemistry. Equilibrium. Physico-chemical Analysis. Phase Transitions, B-8

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 1, 1957, 372

Abstract: that complex formation in water solution is weakened by the chemical activity of water.

Card 2/2

BE RG MAN, A.G.

USSR/ Physical Chemistry - Thermodynamics. Thermochemistry. Equilibrium.
Physicochemical analysis. Phase transitions

B-8

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 4, 1957, 11183

Author : Bergman A.G., Bakunskaya Ye.L.

Title : Exchange Decomposition, Complex-Formation and Polymorphism in Adiagonal Mutual System of Chlorides and Sulfates of Potassium and Cadmium.

Orig Pub : Zh. obshch. khimii, 1956, 26, No 3, 629-638

Abstract : Study of the mutual system K, Cd Cl, SO₄ (I). In the investigated binary systems K₂Cl₂-K₂SO₄ and K₂SO₄-CdSO₄ was revealed an additional transformation of K₂SO₄ at 856° the nature of which was not elucidated. In the K₂Cl₂-CdCl₂ system was ascertained a transformation of the complex 4KCl.CdCl₂ at 392°. Fusibility diagram of mutual system I consists of eight basic crystallization fields converging at six non-variant points. In K₂SO₄ and K₂SO₄.2CdSO₄ fields are differentiated areas of α-, β-, γ- and δ-, β-modifications. Complex formation in system I suppresses the exchange reaction of low relative thermal effect. In accord with previously made deductions (Dombrovkaya O.S., Izv. sektora fiz.-khim. analiza IONKh AN SSSR, 1941, 14, 106) mutual system I is considered to

Card 1/2

USSR/ Physical Chemistry - Thermodynamics. Thermochemistry. Equilibrium.
Physicochemical analysis. Phase transitions

B-8

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 4, 1957, 11183

Appertain to adiagonal semireversible system of zonal type. In contradistinction to the K, Zn Cl, SO₄ system (RZhKhim, 1954, 33878) no internal heterocompounds are formed in system I.

Card 2/2

BYCHKOVА, N.A.; BERGMAN, A.G.

Reciprocal system of lithium and barium silicates and fluorides.
Zhur. ob. khim. 26 no.3:639-651 Mr '56. (MLRA 9:8)

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Lithium salts) (Barium salts)

RUBLEVA, V.V.; BERGMAN, A.G.

Equilibrium diagram for the system: Na_2Cl_2 — K_2Cl_2 — Ca SO_4 .
Zhur. ob. khim. 26 no.3:651-655 Mr '56. (MLRA 9:8)

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Chlorides) (Calcium sulfate)

Bergman, A. G.

USSR/Physical Chemistry. Thermodynamics, Thermochemistry, B-8
Equilibria, Physical-Chemical Analysis, Phase Transitions.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimika, No 5, 1957, 14692

Author : A. K. Sementsova, A. G. Bergman

Inst : -

Title : Ternary System of Five Ions Na_2CO_3 - K_2Cl_2 - K_4SO_4 .

Orig Pub: Zh. obshch. khimii, 1956, 26, No 4, 922-996

Abstract: The fusibility graph of the ternary system Na_2CO_3 - K_2Cl_2 - K_2SO_4 (I) was studied by the visual-polythermal method; this graph appears as a stable diagonal section of the quaternary reciprocal system of Na, K // Cl, SO₄ and CO₃ with a treble eutectic point at 546° corresponding to the composition 31 percent of K_2Cl_2 , 44.5 percent of K_2SO_4 and 24.5 percent of Na_2CO_3 . The crystallization area of the system I consists of three fields: K_2SO_4 , K_2Cl_2 and Na_2CO_3 . The field Na_2CO_3 is divided into the sections of the α -, β - and γ -modifications separated by the isotherms of 640 and 604°. The field K_2SO_4 is

Card 1/2

BERGMAN, A. G.
USSR/Physical Chemistry. Thermodynamics, Thermochemistry, B-8
Equilibria, Physical-Chemical Analysis, Phase Transitions.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimika, No 5, 1957, 14696

Author : I. I. Il'yasov, A. G. Bergman

Inst : -

Title : Reciprocal System of Potassium and Lead Chlorides and
Iodides with Interior Heterocomplex

Orig Pub: Zh. obshch. khimii, 1956, 26, No 4, 981-991

Abstract: The fusibility graph of the reciprocal system K, Pb //
Cl, I (I) was studied. A complex in the form of a
binary compound (surmised composition $PbI_2 \cdot KCl$) was
detected on the stable diagonal $KCl-PbI_2$ of the system I.
The presence of the complex $PbCl_2 \cdot PbI_2$ fusing without
decomposition was established in the system $PbCl_2-PbI_2$.
The system I is divided into 8 phase triangles by the
triangulating diagonal section $PbI_2-K_2Cl_2$ and 6 adiagonal
secants. The liquidus area consists of 9 fields and one
additional field dependent on the presence of PbI_2

Card 1/2

USSR/Physical Chemistry. Thermodynamics, Thermochemistry, Equilibria, Physical-Chemical Analysis, Phase Transitions. B-8

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 5, 1957, 14696

Abstract: polymorphism. Metathesis predominates over complex formation in the studied system. The system I was referred to irreversible reciprocal systems with interior incongruent heterocompounds.

Card 2/2

BERGMAN, A. G.

Category: USSR / Physical Chemistry

Thermodynamics. Thermochemistry. Equilibrium. Physico-chemical analysis. Phase transitions.

B-8

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur-Khimii, No 9, 1957, 29946

Author : Il'yasov I. I., Bergman A. G.

Inst : not given

Title : Irreversibly-Mutual System of Chlorides and Iodides of Sodium and Cadmium.

Orig Pub: Zh. obshch. khimii, 1956, 26, No 5, 1288-1296

Abstract: Study of the mutual system Na, Cd // Cl, I. The stable diagonal section is $\text{Na}_2\text{Cl}_2 - \text{CdI}_2$; the subordinate, adiagonal, triangulating secant is $\text{Na}_2\text{Cl}_2 - \text{CdI}_2 \cdot 2\text{NaI}$. Positive conditional thermal effect of reaction, equal to 6.7 kcal/equivalent, indicates the irreversible nature of exchange reaction in the system. There is confirmed the formation of the previously ascertained compound $\text{CdCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{NaCl}$, which melts with decomposition; transition point at 433° and 37.5% Na_2Cl_2 . There was ascertained a compound $\text{CdI}_2 \cdot 2\text{NaI}$, melting with

Card : 1/2

-63-

Category: USSR / Physical Chemistry
Thermodynamics. Thermochemistry. Equilibrium. Physico-
chemical analysis. Phase transitions.

B-8

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur-Khimiya, No 9, 1957, 29946

decomposition; transition point at 371° and 39% Na.I.. The paper includes diagrams of state of the systems and tables of experimental data, as well as statements concerning the composition of invariant points and the nature of the phases.

Rostov-On-Don State Univ.

Card : 2/2

-64-

Borgman A.G.

USSR/Thermodynamics - Thermochemistry. Equilibria.
Physical-Chemical Analysis. Phase Transitions.

B-8

Ace Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 6, 1957, 18540

Author : M.N. Kuznetsova, A.G. Borgman.

Title : Physical-Chemical Analysis of Interaction of Amines and
Acids. III. Thermal Analysis of Ternary System Urea -
Formic Acid - Water.

Orig Pub : Zh. obshch. khimii, 1956, 26, No 5, 1329-1335

Abstract : The system $\text{CO}(\text{NH}_2)_2$ (I) - HCOOH (II) - H_2O (III) and

binary system I - II were studied by the method of thermal analysis; the presence of combinations of I with II of the composition 1 : 2 (IV), melting point -11.5° , and 1 : 1 (V) with a transition point at -3° and 44.5 mol. % was established. The cause which had not allowed the authors to detect the compound (V) earlier (report II, Zh. obshch. khimii, 1939, 9, 637) was disclosed. An

Card 1/2

- 221 -

KUZNETSOVA, M.N.; BERGMAN, A.G.

Physicochemical analysis of the interaction of amines with acids.
Part 4. Thermal analysis of the ternary system: urea - water -
butyric acid. Zhur. ob. khim. 26 no. 5:1335-1340 My '56.

I.Menkovskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut myasny i mlechnyy pre-
myshlennosti.

(Urea) (Butyric acid)

Approved for release under the
Freedom of Information Act
by [redacted]
[redacted]

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UNCLASSIFIED
SCHLESINGER

USSR/Thermodynamics. Thermochemistry. Equilibria. Physico-Chemical B-8
Analysis. Phase Transitions.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 8, 1957, 26147

Author : D.S. Leanykh. A n [redacted]

USSR/Thermodynamics. Thermochemistry. Equilibria. Physico-Chemical B-8
Analysis. Phase Transitions

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 8, 1957, 26147

MoO_4 - Ag_2WO_4 with the transition point at 460° and 67.5% of
 Ag_2WO_4 were also studied. There is no stratification in both
these cases.

Card : 2/2

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The reaction between Mn_2O_3 and K_2O in the absence of a solvent
and K. V. Mukundan, S. S. Venkateswaran,
V. Balaji, K. R. M. N. Prasad, and
S. S. Venkateswaran, J. Mater. Res.,
1993, 8(1), 107-111.
The thermal reaction of the binary
system $\text{CaO}-\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_3$ has been
studied by thermogravimetry and
differential thermal analysis. The
reaction occurs in two stages. The
first stage is endothermic and
involves the formation of a solid
solution of Mn_2O_3 in CaO . The
second stage is exothermic and
involves the formation of a solid
solution of CaO in Mn_2O_3 .

BERGMAN, A.G.

ZAKHARCHENKO, M.A., dots., kand. khim. nauk; BERGMAN, A.G., prof., doktor
khim. nauk.

The irreversibly mutual singular system with cleavage of silver
and sodium bromides and nitrates. Trudy NPI 27:19-32 '56.

(MIRA 10:12)

I. Kafedra obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii Novocherkasskogo poli-
tekhnicheskogo instituta.

(Systems (Chemistry))

Bergman, A. G.

GLADUSHCHENKO, V.A., assistant, kand. khim. nauk; BERGMAN, A.G., prof., doktor
khim. nauk.

The irreversibly mutual system of lithium and lead fluorides and
sulfates. Trudy NPI 27:49-60 '56. (MIRA 10:12)

1. Kafedra obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii Novocherkasskogo poli-
tekhnicheskogo instituta.
(Systems (Chemistry))

Bergman A.G.

USSR/Thermodynamics - Thermichemistry. Equilibria.
Physical-Chemical Analysis. Phase Transitions.

B-8

- Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 6, 1957, 18487
- Author : A.G. Bergman, K.A. Yevdokimova, O.F. Bogush.
- Inst : Institute of Organic and Inorganic Chemistry of Academy
of Sciences of USSR.
- Title : List of Salt Systems (Anhydrous, Studied by Method of
Thermal Analysis).
- Orig Pub : Izv. Sektora fiz.-khim. analiza IONH AN SSSR, 1956, 27,
419-456
- Abstract : The list comprises Russian works (mainly of N.S. Kurnakov's
school) published up to 1953 inclusively and, besides,
those which were published in volumes 25, 26 and 27 of
the News of the Sector of Physical-Chemical Analysis of
IOIC of AS of USSR in 1954 to 1956. Systems composed of
sulfides, silicates, metal and salt and high-melting oxides
(with the exception of B_2O_3) are not contained.
Bibliography of 187 titles.

Card 1/1

- 168 -

HERGMAN, A.G.; YEVDOKIMOVA, K.A.

Reciprocal systems of sodium and potassium acetates and nitrites,
and acetates and nitrates. Izv.Sekt.fiz.-khim.anal.27:296-314 '56.
(MIRA 9:9)

1.Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii imeni N.S.Kurnakeva AN
SSSR.

(Sodium salts) (Potassium salts)

BERGMAN, A.G.; YEVDOKIMVA, K.A.; BOGUSH, O.P.

Index of salt systems; anhydrous, studied by means of thermal analysis.
Izv. Sekt. fiz.-khim. anal. 27:419-456 '56. (MIRA 9:9)

1.Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii imeni N.S.Kurnakeva AN SSSR.
(Salts--Indexes)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000204910019-5"